

2.—Principal Statistics of Forty Leading Industries, 1929—concluded.

Industry.	Estab- lish- ments.	Capital.	Em- ployees.	Salaries and Wages.	Cost of Materials.	Values of Products.	
						Net.	Gross.
	No.	\$	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
Steel and rolled products, pig iron, ferro-alloys, etc.	45	109,446,529	11,218	18,534,681	32,514,596	39,717,399	72,231,995
Clothing, women's factory.	461	25,087,862	17,024	17,128,421	34,558,860	31,787,557	66,346,417
Machinery.	169	75,236,204	12,435	17,091,918	22,264,416	43,428,123	65,692,539
Cigars and cigarettes.	72	34,025,963	6,382	5,735,252	17,012,776	47,318,724	64,331,500
Biscuits and confectionery.	281	55,320,902	13,073	12,765,876	27,717,889	34,774,913	62,492,801
Breweries.	78	70,390,147	4,839	7,134,256	19,135,208	43,125,722	62,260,921
Hosiery, knitted goods and fabric gloves.	168	66,489,608	19,609	16,294,536	31,193,505	29,904,247	61,097,752
Planing mills, sash and door factories.	744	58,429,538	13,132	14,966,072	31,679,455	24,912,633	56,592,088
Sheet metal products.	152	49,080,661	9,286	11,228,170	28,078,595	25,075,103	53,151,698
Clothing, men's factory.	205	28,493,549	11,506	13,371,417	25,653,973	24,926,195	50,580,168
Boots and shoes, leather.	191	31,028,229	15,563	15,031,101	25,510,731	23,116,859	48,627,890
Sugar refineries.	8	43,534,113	2,325	3,636,037	35,640,124	11,511,830	47,151,960
Furniture and upholstering.	367	41,851,682	13,082	14,512,073	17,735,090	26,401,086	44,136,176
Distilleries.	20	60,211,220	2,219	3,132,497	12,928,920	30,823,500	43,752,420
Printing and bookbinding.	910	43,506,712	12,378	16,695,127	13,761,259	29,987,456	43,748,715
Agricultural implements.	62	103,356,773	11,408	14,775,889	19,016,981	21,642,498	40,659,479
Coke and gas products.	43	94,749,062	3,902	5,938,814	18,517,214	21,393,223	39,910,443
Brass and copper products.	102	27,431,520	6,232	7,890,591	21,118,038	14,997,543	26,115,581
Fish-curing and packing.	730	28,644,442	18,367	5,411,865	21,496,859	13,489,401	34,966,260
Bridgebuilding.	10	28,895,206	4,977	8,937,427	14,547,679	19,621,809	34,179,483
Automobile supplies.	65	19,401,890	4,708	6,711,434	19,045,826	12,919,242	31,965,078
Furnishing goods, men's.	162	19,654,505	9,890	7,320,145	17,848,021	12,733,841	30,581,862
Acids, alkalis and salts.	15	49,417,431	2,897	4,338,686	6,301,121	21,720,851	28,021,972
Coffee and spices.	59	15,402,253	1,701	2,305,912	21,025,868	6,945,932	27,971,790
Totals, Forty Leading Industries.	17,555	4,144,173,787	523,571	622,715,404	1,685,419,466	1,547,802,512	3,233,221,378
Grand Totals, All Industries.	23,597	5,083,914,754	694,434	813,049,842	2,966,636,914	1,997,359,365	4,063,987,279
Percentages of forty leading industries to all industries.	74.40	81.53	75.37	76.71	81.55	77.49	79.56

The Forty Leading Industries in 1930.—The completion of part of the compilation of the Census of Manufacturers for 1930 permits the inclusion, as Table 9A, of the forty leading industries in that year. It will be noticed that, compared with 1929, there has been very little change in the order of the ten leading industries when arranged according to gross production although there has been an appreciable decrease in the value of production in nearly every case. In 1930 pulp and paper was again in the lead, followed by slaughtering and meat packing, and flour and grist mill products as in 1929 but central electric stations, which in the earlier year ranked fifth, was in fourth place in 1930. The automobile industry fell from fourth place in 1929 to ninth place in 1930 with a reduction of nearly 43 p.c. in the value of gross production. The electrical apparatus and supplies industry improved its position slightly.

On the basis of net value, or value added by manufacture, the order of importance of the industries in 1930 was very different from that based on gross values. The pulp and paper industry was foremost in this respect also, but it was followed by central electric stations; electrical apparatus; tobacco, cigars and cigarettes; printing and publishing; and non-ferrous metal smelting in the order given.